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Claims

- 1. A method for processing dermal tissue for implantation into a subject, said method comprising the steps of:
 - a. removing the epidermal layer of said dermal tissue to produce deepidermalized tissue;
 - b. incubating said de-epidermalized tissue in at least one processing solution to remove cells from said de-epidermalized tissue, thereby producing a decellularized tissue matrix; and
 - exposing said decellularized tissue matrix to an acylating agent,
 wherein the ratio of said acylating agent to wet tissue weight is about
 0.003:1 or less, thereby producing a dispersed tissue matrix.
- 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising treating said decellularized tissue matrix to increase its surface area prior to exposing said decellularized tissue matrix to said acylating agent.
- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein said treating comprises cryomilling said decellularized tissue matrix.
- 4. The method of claim 1, further comprising contacting said deepidermalized tissue with a viral inactivating agent, before, after, or during step (b).
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein said tissue is mammalian.
 - 6. The method of claim 4, wherein said tissue is human.

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- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein said acylating agent is glutaric anhydride or succinic anhydride.
- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein said ratio of acylating agent to wet tissue weight is about 0.002:1 to about 0.001:1.
- 9. The method of claim 1, wherein said decellularization solution comprises sodium hydroxide.
- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein said decellularization solution comprises phosphoric acid.
 - 11. The method of claim 1, wherein said tissue is autogenic, allogenic or xenogenic.
 - 12. The method of claim 1, wherein said step of removing the epidermal layer comprises exposing said tissue to a hypertonic salt solution.
- 13. A method for dispersing decellularized animal tissue, said method comprising: contacting said decellularized animal connective tissue with a solution comprising an acylating agent, wherein the ratio of said acylating agent to wet tissue weight is about 0.003:1 or less.
 - 14. The method of claim 13, further comprising treating said decellularized tissue to increase its surface area prior to contacting said decellularized tissue with said acylating agent.
 - 15. The method of claim 14, wherein said treating comprises cryomilling said decellularized tissue.

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- 16. The method of claim 13, wherein said tissue is mammalian.
- 17. The method of claim 13, wherein said tissue is human.
- 18. The method of claim 13, wherein said tissue is connective tissue.
- 19. The method of claim 13, wherein said tissue is dermal tissue.
- 20. The method of claim 13, wherein said ratio of acylating agent to wet tissue weight is about 0.002:1 to about 0.001:1.
 - 21. A method for altering the condition of *in situ* tissue of a subject, said method comprising introducing an effective amount of a dispersed collagen matrix being at the site of the *in situ* tissue of said subject, said dispersed collagen matrix being prepared by contacting decellularized animal connective tissue with a solution comprising an acylating agent, wherein the ratio of said acylating agent to wet tissue weight is about 0.003:1 or less.
- 20 22. The method of claim 19, wherein said subject is a human.
 - 23. The method of claim 19, wherein said dispersed collagen matrix is derived from an allogeneic source.
- 24. The method of claim 1, wherein said acylating agent is glutaric anhydride or succinic anhydride.
 - 25. The method of claim 1, wherein said ratio of acylating agent to wet tissue weight is about 0.002:1 to about 0.001:1.

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- 26. A composition comprising an injectable, dispersed collagen matrix prepared by contacting decellularized animal connective tissue with a solution comprising an acylating agent, wherein the ratio of said acylating agent to wet tissue weight is about 0.003:1 or less.
- 27. The composition of claim 26, wherein the dispersed collagen matrix is injectable through a 30 gauge needle.
- 28. The composition of claim 26, wherein the dispersed collagen matrix has a trypsin resistance greater than about 40%.
 - 29. The composition of claim 26, wherein the dispersed collagen matrix has a trypsin resistance greater than about 50%.
 - 30. The composition of claim 27, wherein the dispersed collagen matrix has a trypsin resistance greater than about 70%.
 - 31. The composition of claim 27, wherein the dispersed collagen matrix has a trypsin resistance greater that about 90%.
 - 32. An implant comprising an injectable, dispersed collagen matrix composition prepared by contacting decellularized animal connective tissue with a solution comprising an acylating agent, wherein the ratio of said amine acylating agent to wet tissue weight is about 0.003:1 or less.
 - 33. An injectable composition comprising an acylated, dispersed, dermal tissue matrix having a trypsin resistance greater than about 40%.

- 34. The composition of claim 33, wherein the dermal tissue matrix has a trypsin resistance greater than about 50%.
- 35. The composition of claim 33, wherein the dermal tissue matrix has a trypsin resistance greater than about 70%.
 - 36. The composition of claim 33, wherein the dermal tissue matrix has a trypsin resistance greater than about 90%.